Conservation Genetics Resources
Journal Metrics 2017

Speed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Days from submission to first decision – 2017</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Days from acceptance to online publication – 2017</td>
<td>8 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downloads – 2017</td>
<td>147,376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage Factor – 2016/2017</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Impact

### Impact Factor – 2016
Journal Impact Factors are published each summer by Thomson Reuters via Journal Citation Reports®. Impact Factors and ranking data are presented for the preceding calendar year.

**Impact Factor – 2016**: 0.470

### 5 Year Impact Factor – 2016
The 5-year journal Impact Factor is the average number of times articles from the journal published in the past five years that have been cited in the JCR year. It is calculated by dividing the number of citations in the JCR year by the total number of articles published in the five previous years.

**5 Year Impact Factor – 2016**: 1.007

### SNIP – 2016
Source Normalized Impact per Paper (SNIP) measures contextual citation impact by weighting citations based on the total number of citations in a subject field. The impact of a single citation is given higher value in subject areas where citations are less likely, and vice versa.

**SNIP – 2016**: 0.362

### SJR – 2016
SCImago Journal Rank (SJR) is a measure of scientific influence of scholarly journals that accounts for both the number of citations received by a journal and the importance or prestige of the journals where such citations come from.

**SJR – 2016**: 0.321

### h5 Index – 2016
Google’s h5 Index is a metric based on the articles published by a journal over the previous 5 calendar years with a minimum of 100 articles in this period. If a journal publishes 100 articles sooner, an h5 Index can be calculated earlier. h is the largest number of articles that have each been cited h times. The h5 Index therefore cannot be dominated by one or several highly cited articles.

**h5 Index – 2016**: 14

### Journal Author Satisfaction, likelihood to publish with Springer again – 2017
Springer’s Author Satisfaction Survey programme was set up to optimize the journal publishing process from the authors perspective (results are only included if the number of respondents in two years was higher than 10).

**Journal Author Satisfaction, likelihood to publish with Springer again – 2017**: 67%